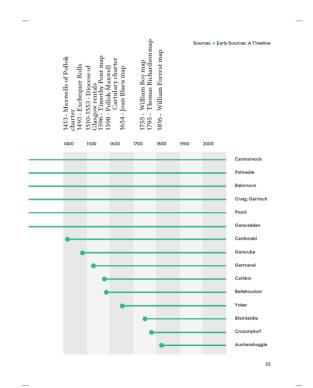
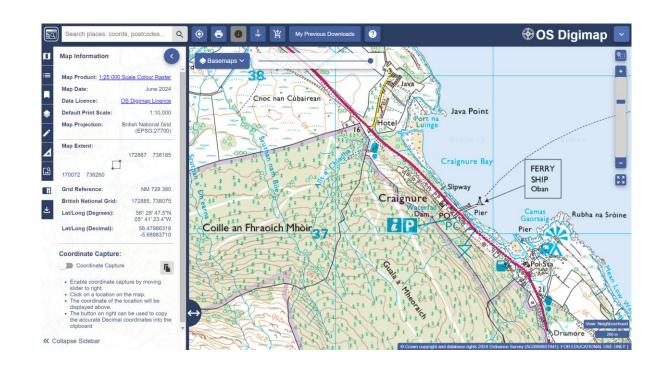
Methodology for Scottish Place-Name Studies

Dr Alasdair C. Whyte (University of Glasgow)





Topics

- Survey of Scottish Place-Names (SSPN) protocol for research on Scottish place-names
- Coverage of Scotland using this methodology to date
- This presentation prepares you for the methodology task
 - See the handout

Recommended reading

• Simon Taylor, 'Methodologies in Place-name Research', in Carole Hough (ed.), *The Oxford Handbook of Names and Naming* (Oxford, 2016), 69-86.

Place-name analysis: considerations

- Location
- Referent
 - What the name is (and was) applied to
- Language of origin
- Meaning
- Chronology
 - When the name was first recorded
 - When the name might have been coined
- The context in which it is first recorded
 - The source and its context, e.g. the mapmaker; the scribe
- Alternative names
- Pronunciation and stress

Place-name analysis: considerations

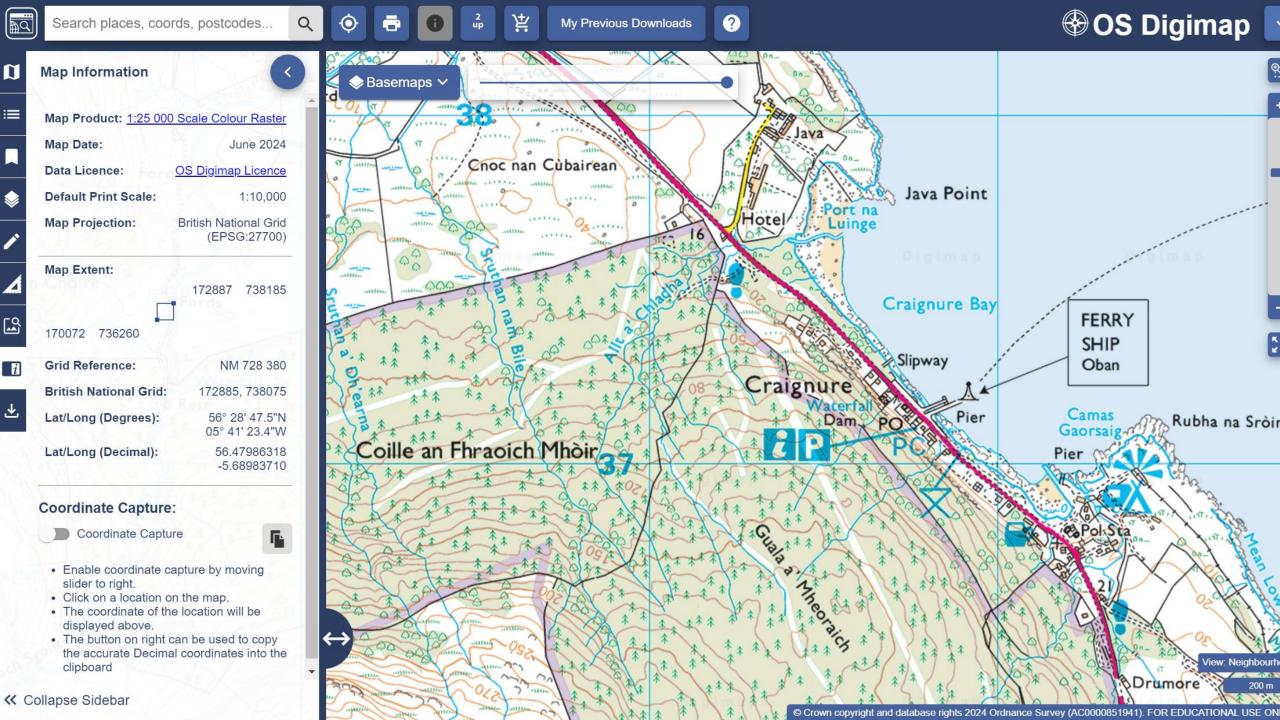
- Context in landscape (e.g. archaeology; geography; geology etc.)
- Cultural context (e.g. archaeology; folklore; history etc.)
- Use your own local and specialist knowledge from other disciplines

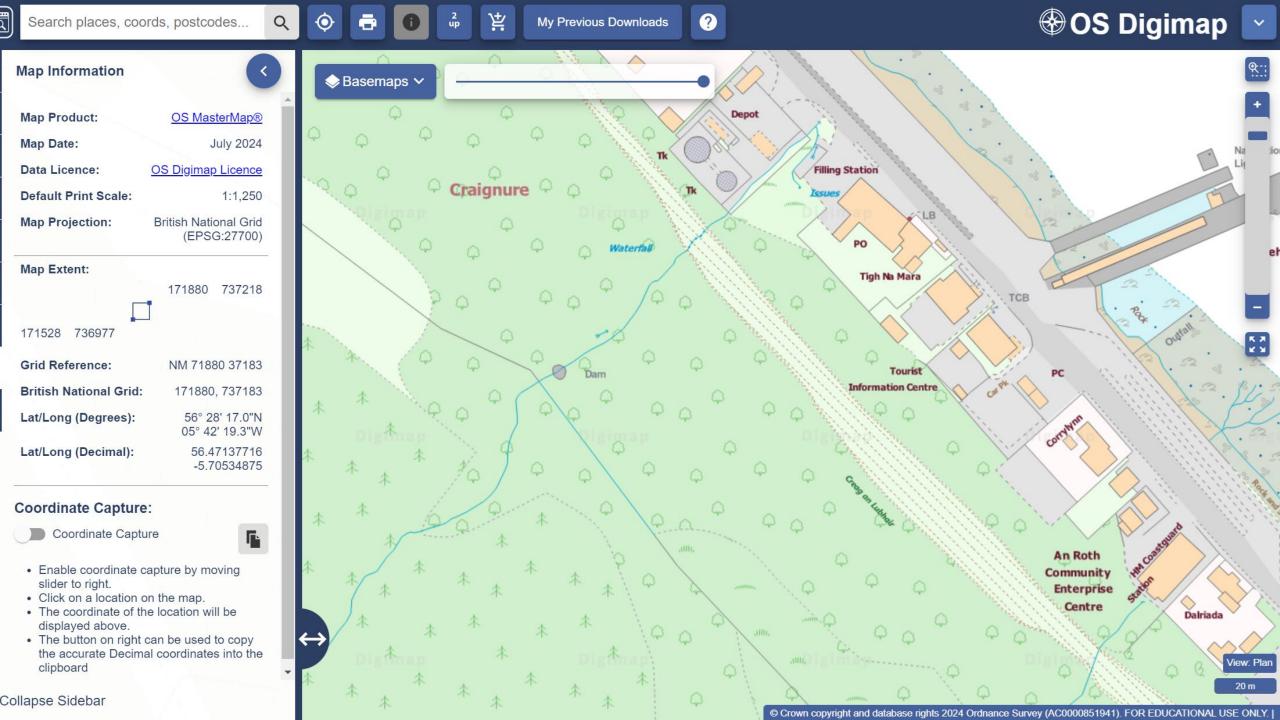
Location

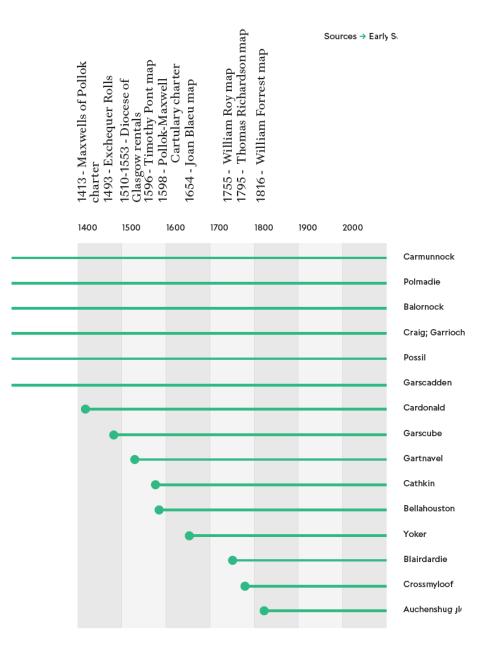
- See the handout for detailed notes on how to determine the National Grid Reference (NGR) for different features, e.g. settlements; hills; lochs
- The main consideration is clarity for the reader

Referent

- Many settlement-names take their names from topographical features
- In these cases, the settlement-name is actually an existing name
- The NGR of the settlement is often not the same as the NGR of the topographical feature from which it takes its name
- Example
 - Settlement: Creag an Iubhair ~ Craignure ARG (NM716372)
 - Topographical feature: Creag an Iubhair ARG (NM717370)







Alasdair C. Whyte, with Katherine Forsyth and Simon Taylor, *Glasgow's Gaelic Place-Names* (Birlinn: Edinburgh, 2023), pp. 50–53

Chronology

- Earliest recorded place-names
- Useful for tracing which places were important during particular periods in the past
- However, other place-names used for years (sometimes centuries) before being recorded in written form in sources available to us
- i.e. earliest recorded name ≠ oldest name

Further reading:

Thomas Owen Clancy, 'Gaelic place-names in the earliest Scottish records', in Colm Ó Baoill and N. R. McGuire (eds.), Rannsachadh na Gàidhlig 6 (An Clò Gàidhealach: Aberdeen, 2013), 223-245.

SSPN blueprint: survey entries

- Head-name
- Parish
- County
- Site classification code
- NGR (National Grid Reference)
- Accuracy level of NGR
- OS Explorer sheet number [no longer prerequisite]
- Altitude
- Orientation/ Aspect
- Early forms
- Etymological analysis [breakdown of elements]
- Discussion [critical analysis discursive prose]
- Pronunciation

Parishes & Counties

- Use pre-1975 parishes and counties
- The norm for Scottish historians in general
- Why?
 - Important to analyse place-names within their earliest known administrative and territorial units
 - Pre-1975 units are starting point

Counties

- 3-letter county abbreviations can be found in at end of any volume of The Journal of Scottish Name Studies (JSNS)
 - 'County Abbreviations' in JSNS 15
- ScotlandsPlaces records presented by pre-1975 parish and county: interactive map
 - e.g. Ordnance Survey Name Books
- Statistical Accounts of Scotland also presented by pre-1975 parish and county

Parishes

- Parish recorded with head-name should be parish as shown on OS maps published after 1891 and before 1975
- Changes to parish and county boundaries in 1891 when County Councils first established; many medieval and early modern anomalies rationalised
- Source:
 - 3-letter parish abbreviations available via Scottish Place-Name Society website: https://spns.org.uk/resources/parish-list

Parishes

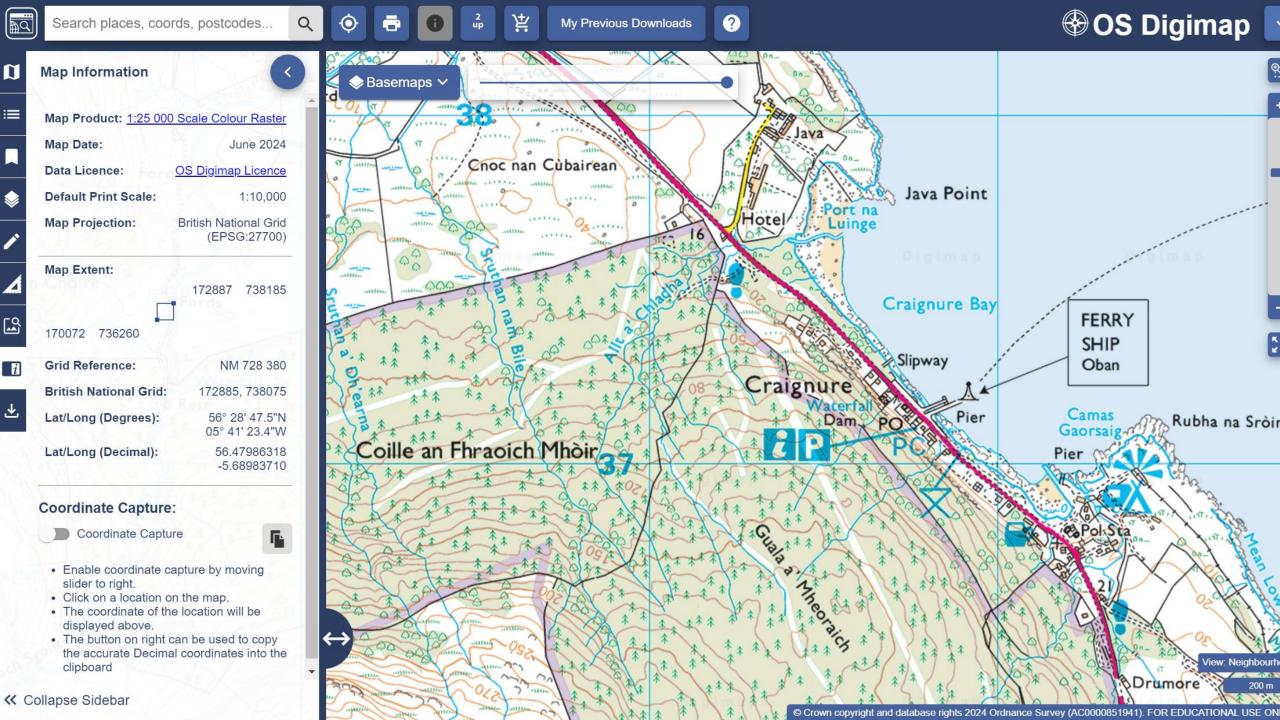
- Important to understand earlier parish history and analyse place-name within that context
- Note former parishes in your analysis of any given name where relevant
- Key sources:
 - Origines Parochiales Scotiae (Edinburgh, 1851-55)
 - Includes (part of) medieval diocese of Glasgow

Parishes: Recommended reading

- Ian B. Cowan, *The Parishes of Medieval Scotland* (Edinburgh, 1967)
- Hay Shennan, Boundaries of Counties and Parishes in Scotland (1892)
 - Available via the ScotlandsPlace website: https://scotlandsplaces.gov.uk/dv/pdfs/hay-shennan

Parishes: NLS interactive maps

- <u>Boundaries viewer</u>: Interactive map showing boundaries of parishes, counties and unitary authorities in Scotland (*c.* 1840s to the present)
- OS 6 inch 1st edn maps: Can view maps as seamless zoomable overlay layer on modern Google and OS maps; hovering over any given place gives us the following details:
 - Parish
 - County
 - OS 6 inch 1st edn map series sheet number
 - Date of survey
 - Publication date of map sheet
 - N.B. This is also an important source for historical forms
- Coloured parishes on OS 1 inch 2nd edn maps (1898–1904)

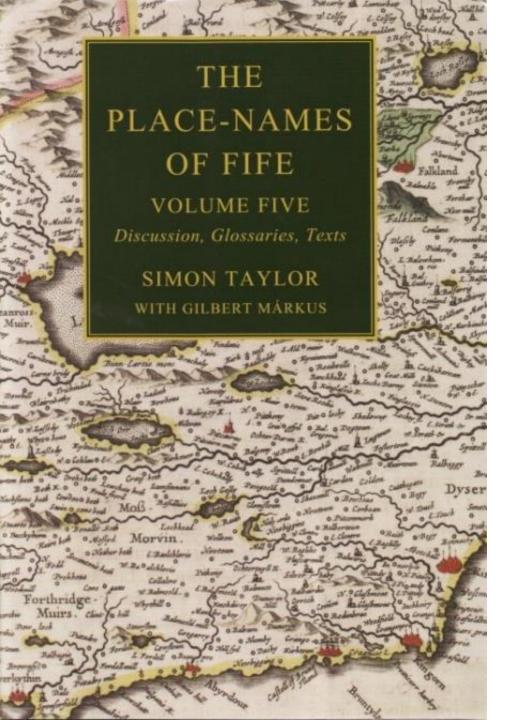


Scottish place-name surveys: coverage to date

- Regional Studies on Scottish Place-Name Society website
 - Updated regularly

UofG Projects: establishing the blueprint

- 'The expansion and contraction of Gaelic in medieval Scotland: the onomastic evidence' (2006–10)
- Celtic and Gaelic, University of Glasgow
- Arts and Humanties Research Council (AHRC)-funded
- Project Team
 - Prof. Thomas Owen Clancy
 - Dr Peter McNiven
 - Dr Gilbert Márkus
 - Dr Simon Taylor

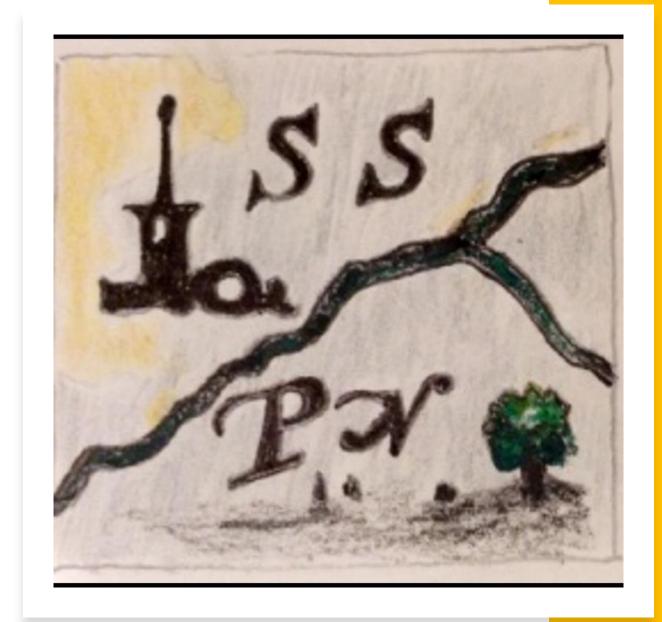


Outputs

- Simon Taylor, with Gilbert Márkus, *The Place-Names of Fife*, 5 vols (2006–12)
- Thomas Owen Clancy, 'Gaelic in Medieval Scotland: Advent and Expansion', *Proceedings of the British Academy* 167 (2010), 349–92

SSPN

- The Survey of Scottish Place-Names
 - Surveance o the Place-Names o Scotland
 - Suirbhidh Ainmean-Àite na h-Alba
- Director: Thomas Owen Clancy
- General Editor: Simon Taylor



SSPN vols

- The Place-Names of Fife, 5 vols (2006–2012)
- The Place-Names of Bute (2012)
- The Place-Names of Kinross-shire (2017)
- The Place-Names of Clackmannanshire (2020)
- Forthcoming:
 - The Place-Names of Berwickshire, vol. 1 (The Tweedside Parishes)
 - The Place-Names of Iona
 - The Place-Names of Staffa
 - The Place-Names of Mull & Ulva (4 vols)
 - The Place-Names of Lanarkshire, vol. 1
 - The Place-Names of Perthshire, vol. 1 (Menteith)

Other UofG place-name studies

- The Berwickshire Place-Name Resource
 - 'Recovering the Earliest English Language in Scotland: Evidence from place-names' (2016–19) (REELS)
- Place-Names of the Galloway Glens
 - Survey of 7 historical parishes in Kirkcudbrightshire (2018–19)
 - Part of Galloway Glens Landscape Partnership
 - Booklet published in 2023:
 - Gilbert Márkus, Glenkens Place-Names: A Window on our Past (Castle Douglas, 2023) [link]
- Place-Names of the Coalfield Communities
 - Part of Heritage Lottery-funded Coalfield Communities Landscape Partnership
 - East Ayrshire

Other projects

- Ainmean-Àite na h-Alba
 - Online database
 - Authoritative information on Gaelic forms of place-names
 - Analysis and historical forms
 - Several digitised bilingual Gaelic-English publications [link]
 - e.g. Roddy Maclean, *Place-Names of Inverness and Surrounding Area: Ainmean-àite ann an sgìre prìomh bhaile na Gàidhealtachd* (Inverness, 2021) [link]

Scottish place-name surveys: coverage to date

- Regional Studies on Scottish Place-Name Society website
 - Updated regularly

Summary

- Established methodology in Scottish place-name studies
- Blueprint developed for Survey of Scottish Place-Names
- Several ongoing place-name surveys

Methodology: Task

Choose a place-name and find the following data for it:

- Head-name
- Parish
- County
- Site classification code
- NGR (National Grid Reference)
- Accuracy level of NGR
- Altitude
- Orientation/ Aspect

See the handout for detailed guidance.